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(74) Common Representative: **WOCKHARDT LIMITED**; SESHAGH, Ramesh, Wockhardt Towers, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051, Maharashtra (IN).

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(71) Applicant: **WOCKHARDT LIMITED** [IN/IN]; Wockhardt Towers, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051, Maharashtra (IN).

(71) Applicants and

(72) Inventors: **JAWEED MUKARRAM, Siddiqui, Mohammed** [IN/IN]; Wockhardt Ltd., L-1, MIDC, Chikalthana, Aurangabad 431 210, Maharashtra (IN). **MERWADE, Aravind, Yekanatha** [IN/IN]; Wockhardt Ltd., L-1, MIDC, Chikalthana, Aurangabad 431 210, Maharashtra (IN). **KHAN, Anjum, Reyaz** [IN/IN]; Wockhardt Ltd., L-1, MIDC, Chikalthana, Aurangabad 431 210, Maharashtra (IN).

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(54) Title: A NOVEL PROCESS FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF (+)-(S)-CLOPIDOGREL BISULFATE FORM-I

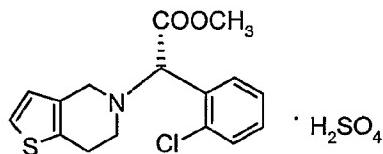
(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to a novel process for the manufacture of blood-platelet aggregation inhibiting agent. In particular, the present invention is directed to a process for the manufacture of Methyl-(+)-(S)-α-(2-chlorophenyl)-6,7-dihydrothieno[3,2-c]pyridine-S-(4H)acetate bisulfate Form-I.

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A NOVEL PROCESS FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF
(+)-(S)-CLOPIDOGREL BISULFATE FORM-I

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a novel process for the manufacture of blood-platelet aggregation inhibiting agent. In particular, the present invention is directed to a process for the manufacture of Methyl-(+)-(S)- α -(2-Chlorophenyl)-6,7-dihydrothieno[3,2-c]pyridine-5(4H)-acetate bisulfate Form – I of Formula:



(+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Clopidogrel is an inhibitor of platelet aggregation. Clopidogrel's platelet inhibiting activity makes it an effective drug for reducing the induce of ischemic strokes or heart attacks. By inhibiting platelet aggregation, Clopidogrel reduces the chance of arterial blockage, thus preventing strokes and heart attacks. Recent studies have shown that Clopidogrel is more effective in blocking platelet aggregation than Asprin. Clopidogrel is much effective than Aspirin even at much lower dosage. In addition to being more effective, Clopidogrel produces much less gastrointestinal bleeding than Asprin.

European patent 281459 describes the enantiomers of tetrahydrothieno pyridine derivatives and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts. The patent specifically claims Clopidogrel hydrogen sulfate, i.e., the dextrorotatory isomer which posses an excellent platelet

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aggregation inhibiting activity whereas the levo-rotatory isomer is less active. EP 281459 makes no reference to existence of the specific polymorphic forms of clopidogrel hydrogen sulfate.

Dextro-rotatory isomer of Clopidogrel is prepared by salt formation from the racemic compound using an optically active acid such as 10-L-camphorsulphonic acid in acetone, followed by successive re-crystallization of the salt until a product with constant rotatory power is obtained, followed by release of dextro-rotatory, isomer from its salt by a base. Clopidogrel hydrogen sulfate is then obtained in standard manner by the dissolution of said base in acetone cooled in ice and addition of concentrated sulfuric acid to precipitation. The precipitate thus obtained is then isolated by filtration, washed and dried to give Clopidogrel hydrogen sulfate in the form of white crystals. US Patent Nos. 4,874,265; 5,132,435; 6,258,961, 6,215,005 and 6,180,793 describe methods that can be used to prepare Clopidogrel hydrogen sulfate.

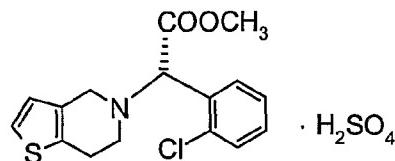
Clopidogrel bisulfate Form I and II was first time disclosed in International Publication No. WO 99/65915, though Form-I is originally disclosed in EP 281459. US patent 6,429,210; 6,504,030 and US patent application 2002/019829 A1 disclose the manufacturing process of Clopidogrel hydrogen sulfate Form – I and II. These polymorphs are prepared by dissolving Clopidogrel camphor sulfate in acetone followed by addition of conc. sulfuric acid at an ambient temperature. Excess of acetone is distilled and residue is cooled down to 0-5 °C followed by filtration to get Clopidogrel Form-I. The Form - II of Clopidogrel is obtained from residual mother liquor after 3-6 months period. These US patents does not disclose a process for the manufacture of Form-I only and hence, there is huge loss in the yield of Clopidogrel hydrogen sulfate Form-I. US patent application 2003/0114479 discloses the manufacturing processes for Clopidogrel hydrogen sulfate Form-I, II, III, IV, V and amorphous forms. The application also claims the preparation of Clopidogrel hydrogen sulfate Form-I from amorphous Clopidogrel hydrogen sulfate. Specification of the US patent application 2003/0114479 discloses the preparation method of Clopidogrel hydrogen sulfate Form-I using different combinations of alcohol and ether in 56 – 88 % yield.

PRESENT INVENTION

The present invention relates to a novel process for the preparation of Clopidogrel bisulfate or the bisulfate of methyl-(+)-(S)- α -(2-chlorophenyl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrothieno[3,2,-

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c]pyridine-5-acetate. More particularly, the invention relates to a novel process for the preparation of Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-1 having Formula:



(+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I

Single solvent like isopropyl alcohol, isopropyl ether, 2-butanol etc. afforded mixture of Form-I and Form-II as evidenced by IR and XRD values. Even using seeded crystals of pure Form-I in acetone afforded only (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-II.

It is observed that ethyl acetate is the solvent of choice for getting (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I in good yield and highly pure form. The Form-I of Clopidogrel bisulfate is well characterized by IR and XRD. These values are identical with the reported values of Form-I (reported in US patent 6,429,210 B1). HPLC purity of Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I prepared using ethyl acetate solvent is found more than 99 %. An increase in melting point is observed in our process, i.e., 198 to 200 °C in comparison to 181.2 °C disclosed in US patent 6,429,210 B1. The increase in melting point indicates higher purity of Form-I from what is reported in the "210" patent.

The present process for the manufacture of Clopidogrel bisulfate in an ester solvent, more specifically in ethyl acetate consumes less time than other solvent combinations reported in the prior art. It is also observed that the yield and purity of the Form-I is 88 % and 99 %, respectively. The obtained yield and purity of the Form-I by this process is better than reported in prior art. The specific rotation $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ of the Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I is observed at +55.16° at a concentration of 1.61 gm / 100 ml methanol. Clopidogrel bisulfate is characterized by ^1H NMR, ^{13}C NMR, mass and CHN analyses. The (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I is confirmed on the basis of IR, XRD and melting point analyses.

These values are tabulated as follows. For comparison purpose the values of Form-II are also given in the table.

IR, XRD, HPLC purity, melting point and Specific Rotation of (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I and Form-II are tabulated as follows:

TABLE: Comparative analytical data of (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I and Form-II.

Sr. No.	Analysis	(+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I	(+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-II
1.	IR	2987, 1753, 1222, 1175, 841 cm ⁻¹	2551, 1497, 1189 and 1029 cm ⁻¹
2.	XRD	9.60, 8.13, 5.80, 4.95, 4.80, 4.31, 3.86, 3.83, 3.8, 3.49 d(A°)	10.04, 6.86, 6.49, 5.66, 5.01, 4.80, 4.11, 3.87, 3.74, 3.60 d(A°)
3.	HPLC Purity	99.96 %	99.94 %
4.	Melting Point	198-200 °C	176-178 °C
5.	Specific Rotation (c = 1.68 % in methanol)	+ 55.16 °	+ 55.10 °

Form-I obtained by this process is found to be stable and does not convert to any other forms.

Apart from all these technical and economical advantages of the process according to the invention, excellent yields and very good quality of the desired product, viz., Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I is obtained. The process is suitable for industrial scale.

The following example illustrates the invention more clearly, without limiting its scope.

Examples

The following examples illustrate the invention, but is not limiting thereof.

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PREPARATION OF (+)-(S)-CLOPIDOGREL BISULFATE FORM-I

(a) Resolution of (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel

Racemic Clopidogrel base 12 gm (0.037 mole) (prepared according to procedure described in US patent 4,529,596) is dissolved in acetone (100 ml) and to it at 20 °C a solution of L-camphor-10-sulphonic acid, 5.196 gm (0.037 mole) in 20 ml acetone is added drop-wise. The mixture is heated at reflux temperature for 7 to 8 hours and then cooled to room temperature. The mixture is seeded with (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel-camphor-sulfonate salt (2.5 % of the weight of base), stirred at room temperature for 10-12 hours. The product is filtered under suction to get (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel-camphor-sulfonate salt and washed with acetone which yielded 5.20 gm of product. The (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel is characterized on the basis of specific rotation based on literature and $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ of (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel is found + 24.70° at a concentration of 1.68 gm/100 ml methanol. The 5.20 gm of the above compound is treated with minimum amount of water and made alkaline with sodium bicarbonate at 5 °C, the obtained mixture is extracted in dichloromethane and subsequently removal of the solvent provided oily (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel in 4.92 gm yield and 99.96 % pure form based on HPLC.

The structure of the (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel has been assigned on the basis of spectral values like ^1H NMR, ^{13}C NMR and specific rotation etc.

(b) (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I

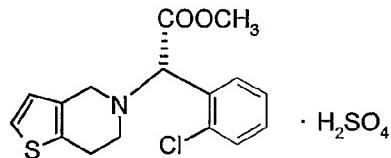
(+)-(S)-Clopidogrel, 4.50 gm (0.0139 mole) is dissolved in ethyl acetate 50 ml and seeded with (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I (2.5 % of the weight of base). During stirring Conc. sulfuric acid 1.50 gm (0.015 mole) is added at room temperature. After complete addition the reaction slurry is heated at reflux for 1 hour. Then it is stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The product is then filtered under suction and washed with ethyl acetate followed by drying under *vacuum* at 60 to 70 °C for 6-8 hours. After complete drying, 4.0 gm (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I is obtained in having 99.96 % purity and $[\alpha]_D^{20} = + 51.16^\circ$ at a concentration of 1.61 gm/100 ml methanol.

The (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I is characterized by ^1H NMR, ^{13}C NMR, mass and CHN analyses. The Form-I of (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate has been confirmed on the basis of IR, XRD and melting point etc.

We claim:

1. (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I in 99.96 purity and $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +51.16^\circ$ at a concentration of 1.61 gm/100 ml methanol and having particle size from about 62 to about 426 microns.
2. Pharmaceutical composition of claim 1.
3. A process for the preparation of (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I, comprising:

A) contacting a compound having the formula



(+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate

- B) with sulfuric acid solution in an acetate solvent for a sufficient time to form (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I; and
- C) isolating the (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I.
4. The process of claim 3, wherein molar ratio of (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel and concentrated sulfuric acid is about 1:1.
5. The process of claim 3, wherein the solvent is an acetate solvent.
6. The process of claim 5, wherein the solvent is ethyl acetate.
7. The process of claim 3, wherein (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel is seeded with (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I.
8. The process of claim 7, wherein seeding is between about 1.5 and about 3.5 % by weight of the (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I.
9. The process of claim 8, wherein the (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I is 2.5 % by weight.
10. The process of claim 3, wherein sulfuric acid is concentrate.
11. The process of claim 3, wherein sulfuric acid is added at room temperature.
12. The process of claim 3, wherein the contacting step is conducted at a reflux temperature.

13. The process of claim 3, wherein (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel is heated between about 30 minutes and about 1.5 hours at a reflux temperature.
14. The process of claim 13, wherein heating time is about 1 hour.
15. The process of claim 3, wherein the mixture is stirred at room temperature for about 45 minutes to about 1.5 hours, after the heating is over.
16. The process of claim 15, wherein the stirring time is about 1 hour.
17. The process of claim 1, wherein purity of (+)-(S)-Clopidogrel bisulfate Form-I is more than 99 %.
18. The process of claim 3, wherein isolated yield is between about 85 and about 95 %.
19. The process of claim 3, wherein isolated yield is about 89 %.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/IB03/03104

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(7) : C07D 471/04
US CL : 546/114

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
U.S. : 546/114

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)
CAS ONLINE

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 6,429,20 B1 (BOUSQUET et al) 06 August 2002 (06-08-2002), Fig. 1 and 4, col. 1 par. 5 and 6 and Tables II and IV.	1

Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.

See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	"T"	later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	"X"	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
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Name and mailing address of the ISA/US
Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
Facsimile No. (703)305-3230

Authorized officer
Bernard Dentz *F. Roberts Jr.*
Telephone No. 703 308-1235